PROTECTING YOUR PASSWORDS

Problem

Passwords have become a critical part of our daily lives. Passwords are used to logon to your computer, read your email, update your finances, shop online, and even watch movies. It seems doing almost anything on the Internet requires some type of password. As a result, your passwords represent the key to your information.

Cyber criminals know this. If they can obtain your passwords, they can have access to your bank accounts, read your email, steal your money, sell your information or even steal your identity. To help protect yourself, we cover key steps to protecting your passwords in this newsletter.

Solution

1. Strong Passwords
Use passwords that are hard to guess. A common way criminals break into accounts is by simply guessing your passwords. On page two, we explain how to create strong passwords that are easy for you to remember but hard for cyber criminals to guess.

2. Use Different Passwords
Use different passwords for different accounts. For example, never use the same password you use for social networking sites as you use for your online banking or work. This ensures if one password is lost or stolen, the rest of your accounts will remain safe.

3. Do Not Share
Never share your password with anyone else; no person or organization (including your bank or your supervisor) needs to know your password. If you do accidently share your password with someone, be sure to change it right away.

4. Untrusted Computer
Never use your passwords on an untrusted computer. An untrusted computer is a public computer that anyone can use. These include computers located in libraries, airports, cyber cafés, hotel lobbies and kiosks. Public computers can be easily infected by cyber criminals who want to steal your passwords. If you accidently use your passwords on a public computer, be sure to change these passwords as soon as possible from your personal computer.
5. Your Computer
One of the most common ways criminals gain access to your password is by hacking your computer. Once your system is infected they install malware capturing all of your online activity, including your keystrokes. These programs watch whenever you log into a bank or financial site and then they capture all your password credentials. Criminals then use that information to login themselves and steal your money or identity. Often one of the most effective ways to protect your passwords is protect your computer by ensuring it is always updated, has current anti-virus and your firewall is enabled.

6. Password Questions
When you create a new account via a website they may ask you to answer some simple questions during the set up process. The purposes of these questions are to help you automatically reset your account if you’ve forgotten your password. The danger with these questions is that they are really nothing more than another type of password. If you answer questions about yourself with information people can learn about you online (such as Facebook), they can hack your account. Only answer questions with information that is not publicly available.

MyF@v0rit3FoodlsCh0c0l@t3

Here we spelled our sentence but capitalized the first letter of every word. In addition, we replaced ‘a’ with ‘@’, ‘e’ with ‘3’ and ‘o’ with ‘0’. As a result, this password is very easy to remember, but very difficult to guess.

7. Two Factor Authentication
Some websites, such as gmail.com, support something called two factor authentication. This is when you not only need a password to login, but you need a code. This one time code is often sent to you via a SMS text message, or perhaps you even installed a special app on your mobile device. You must have both your password and the one time code to login. This is a far more secure way to login to a website. If your password is stolen or compromised, attackers still cannot login as they do not have the codes. If an website offers two factor authentication, we highly recommend you always use it.

8. Storing Passwords
One of the greatest challenges with passwords can be trying to memorize them all. Often people have too many accounts and passwords to remember. If you need to store your passwords, be sure you do it safely.

There are special security programs designed just for this. They store all your passwords in an encrypted program. You only need to remember one password to open and close the program. Such programs exist for both your computer and mobile devices. To learn more about password storing options, please check with your IT help desk or information security team.